

Deconvolution-based multi-peak reconstruction for the PADME Experiment

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for the PADME collaboration

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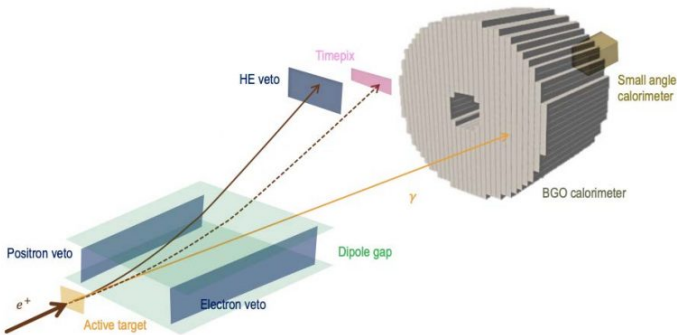
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SAC

- 25 Cherenkov detectors
- $30 \times 30 \times 140 \text{ mm}^3$
- RO: PMT R13478UV

ECal

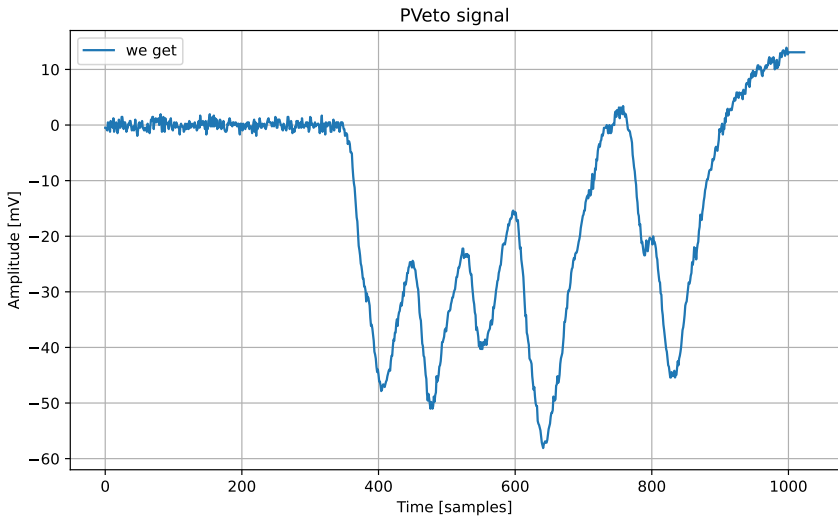
- 616 BGO scintillators
- $21 \times 21 \times 230 \text{ mm}^3$
- RO: PMT HZC XP1912

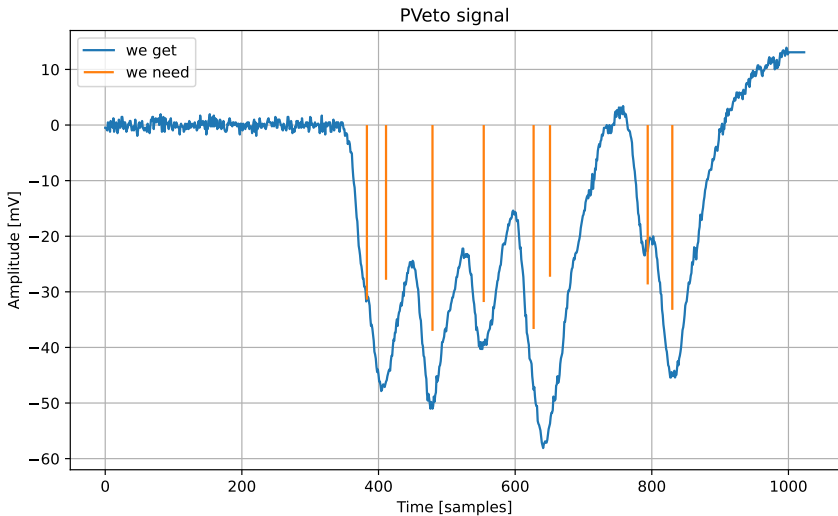
Veto

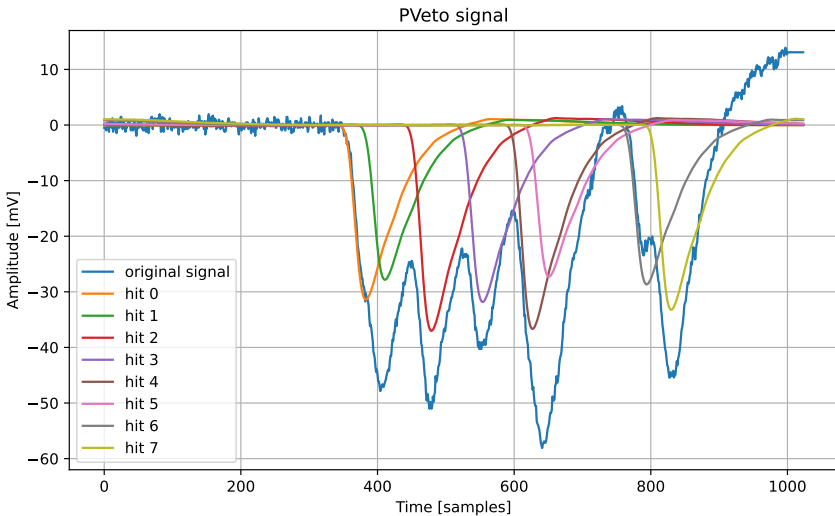
- 202 plastic scintillators
- $10 \times 10 \times 178 \text{ mm}^3$
- WLS fibre BCF-92
- RO: SiPM S12572-025P

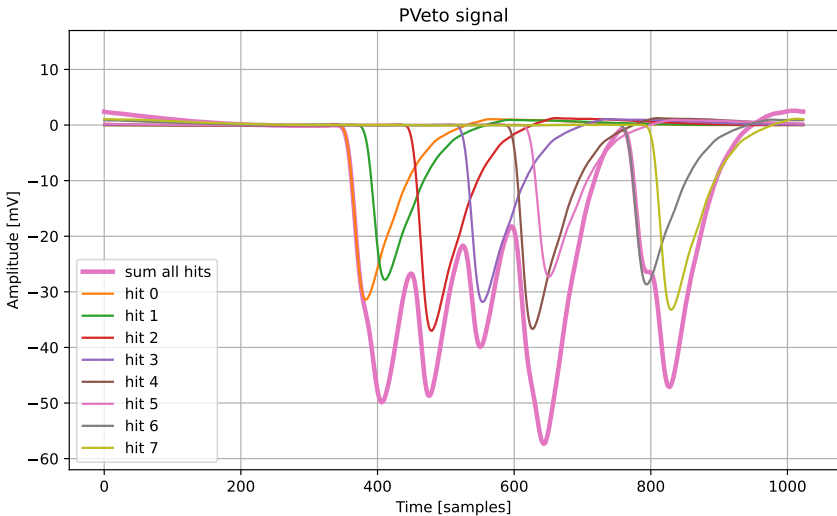
DAQ

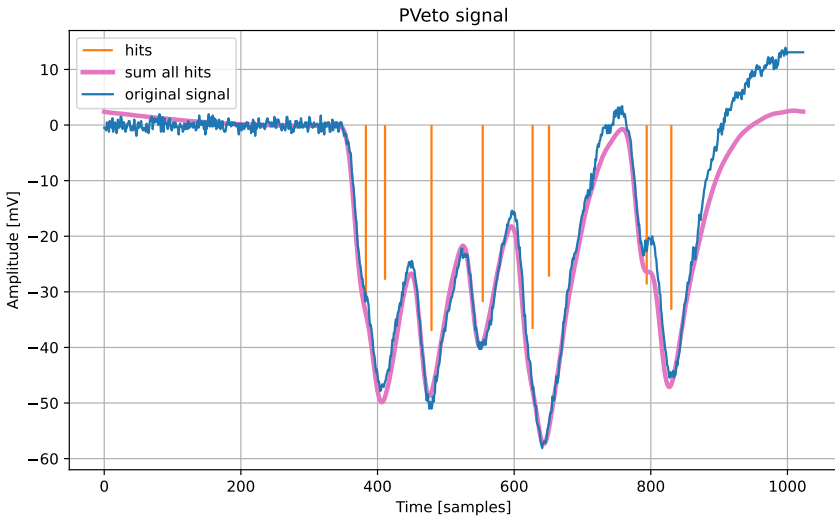
- CAEN V1742
- 2.5 GS/s
- 1 V dynamic range
- 1024 samples
- 10 bit ADC (DRS4)











$$\text{signal} = \text{hits} \star \text{irf} + \text{noise}$$

$$\text{HITS} = \frac{\text{SIGNAL}}{\text{IRF}} * \text{lowpass}$$

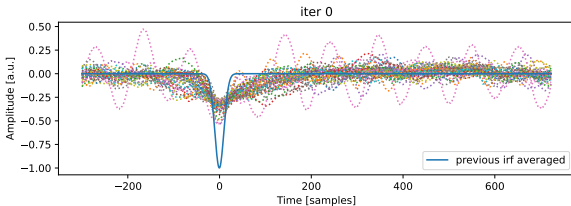
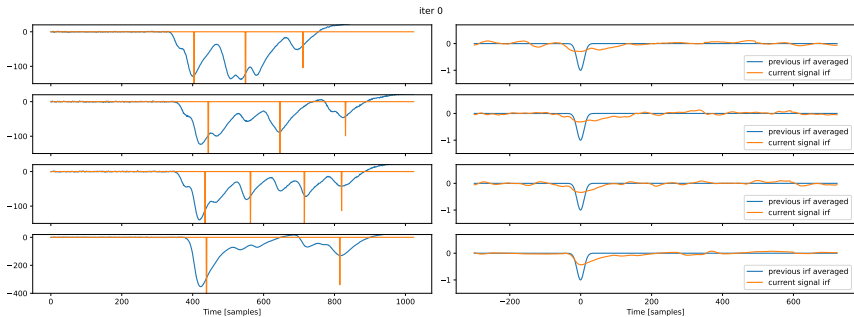
Problems

- Estimate irf
- Deconvolve signals using irf
- Deal with the noise

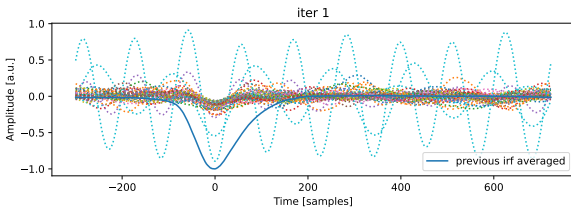
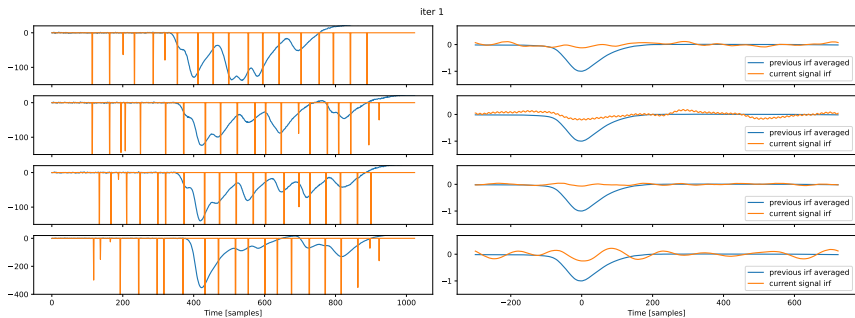
Iterative procedure to estimate IRF

- Start with an initial estimate for the IRF
- Run multiple times (50+)
 - Run for 4000 events
 - Deconvolve current event with IRF to get estimate for the hits
 - Deconvolve current event with hits to get the new IRF
 - Update IRF with median of all IRF from the signals
- Final IRF is median of IRF from last several iterations

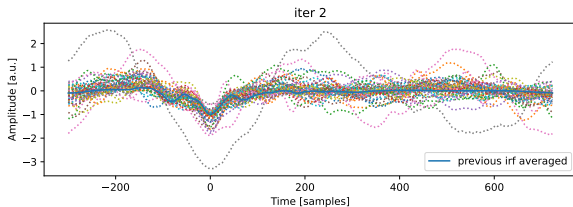
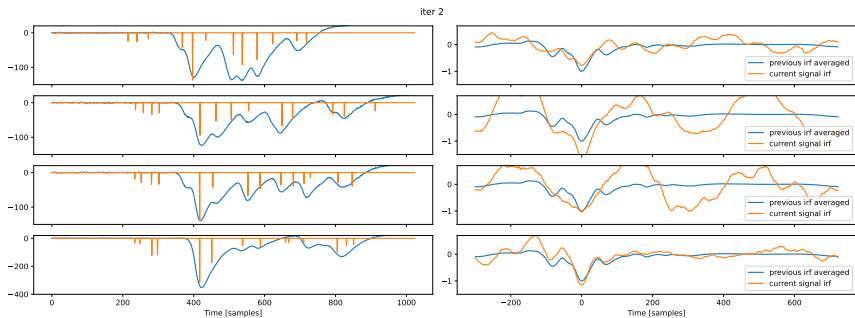
Iterations demo – iter 0



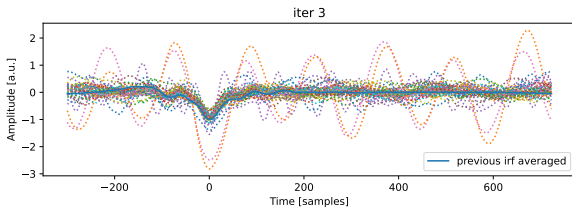
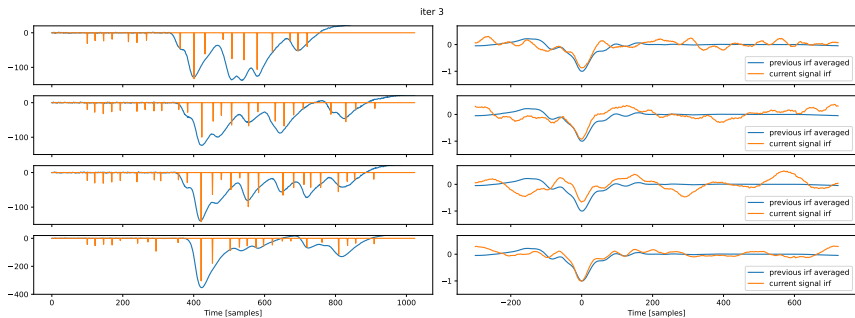
Iterations demo – iter 1



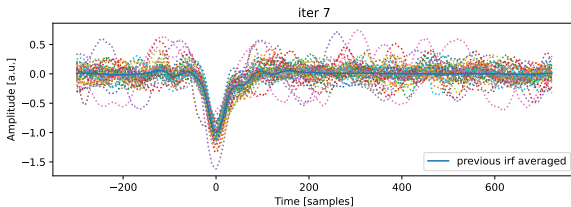
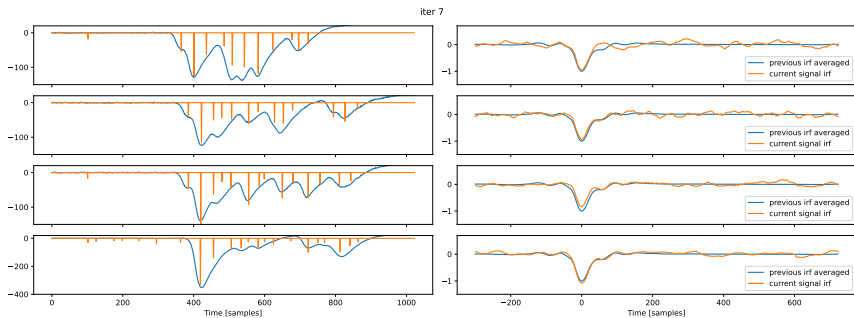
Iterations demo – iter 2



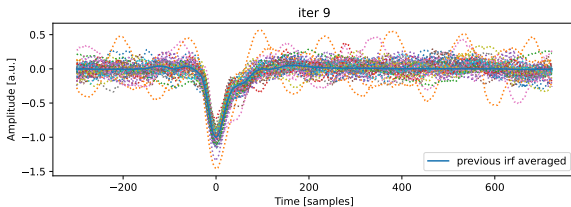
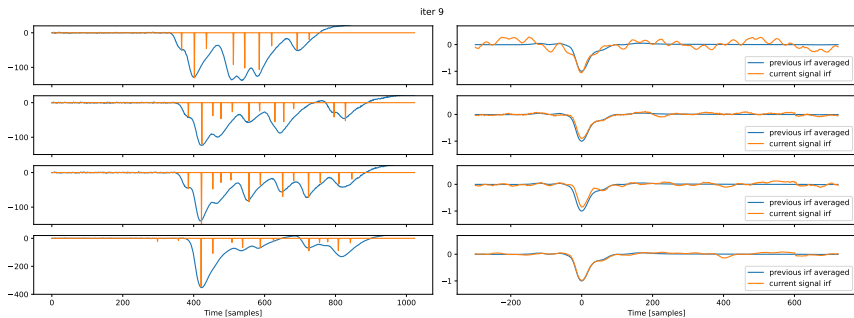
Iterations demo – iter 3



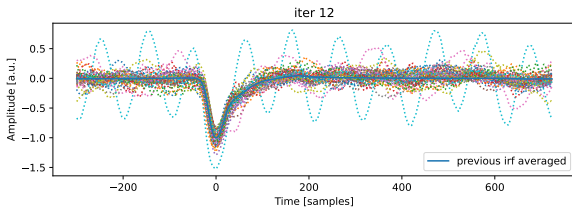
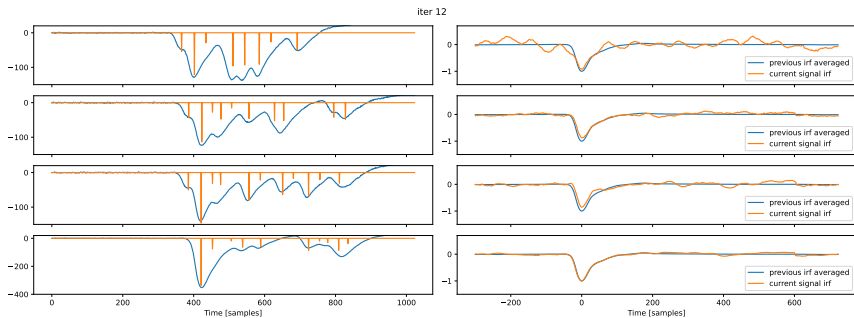
Iterations demo – iter 7



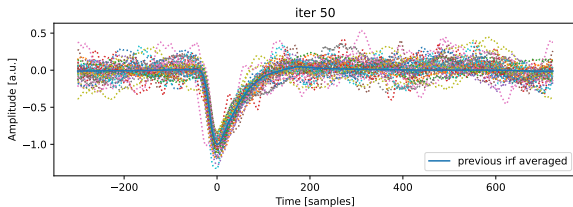
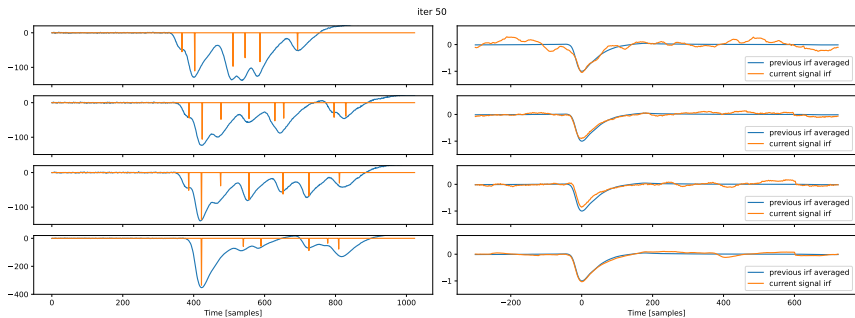
Iterations demo – iter 9



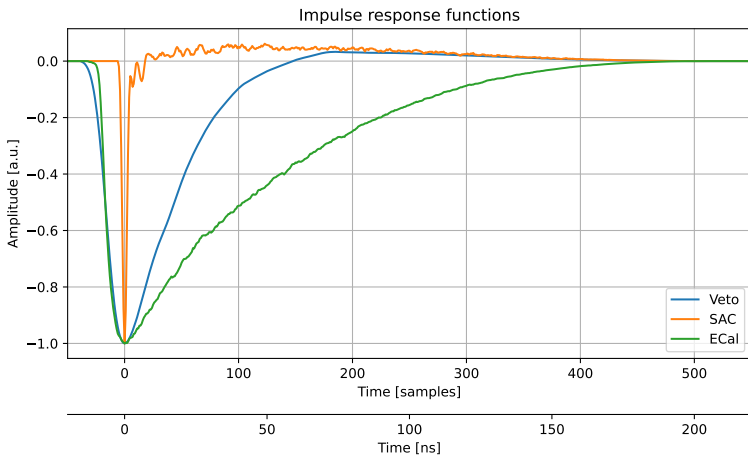
Iterations demo – iter 12



Iterations demo – iter 50



Impulse response functions



IRF inversion (1/IRF cutoff)

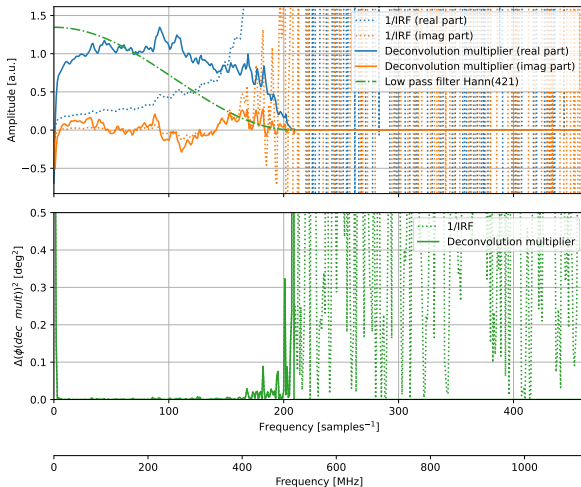
$$\text{signal} = \text{hits} \star \text{irf} + \text{noise}$$

$$\text{Hits} = \text{Signal} \star \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{\text{IRF}} * \text{lowpass}(\text{cutoff}) \right)}_{\text{Deconvolution multiplier}}$$

How to estimate the cutoff of the low pass filter?

Cut-off frequency estimation – SAC

Find the cut-off frequency

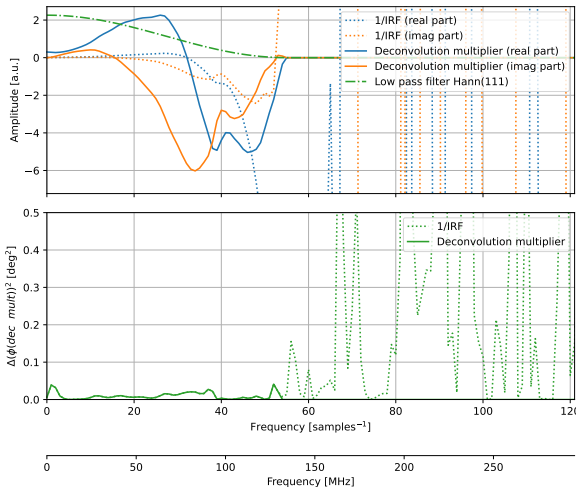


$$(\Delta(\text{Phase}(1/IRF)))^2$$

- cutoff frequency
190 MHz@3 dB
- filter Hann(421)

Cut-off frequency estimation – Veto

Find the cut-off frequency

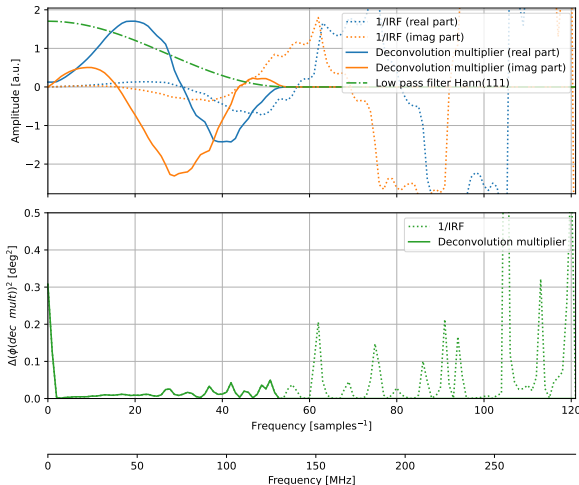


$$(\Delta(\text{Phase}(1/IRF)))^2$$

- cutoff frequency 50 MHz@3 dB
- filter Hann(111)

Cut-off frequency estimation – ECal

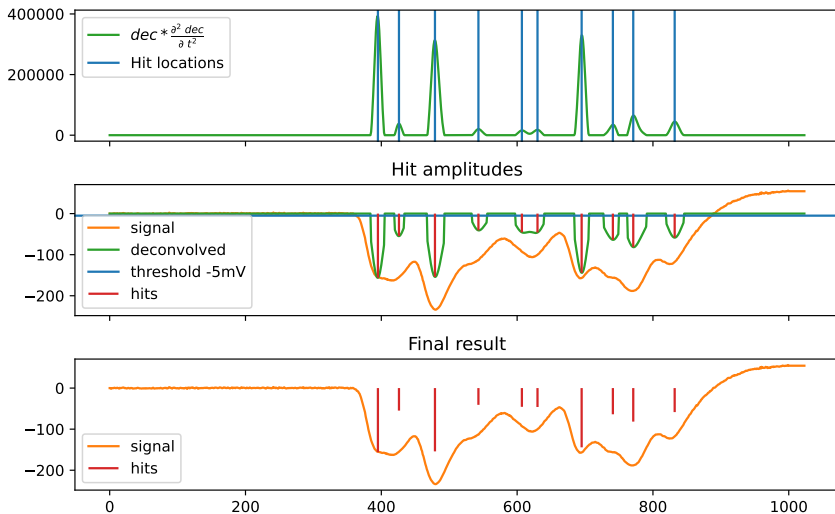
Find the cut-off frequency



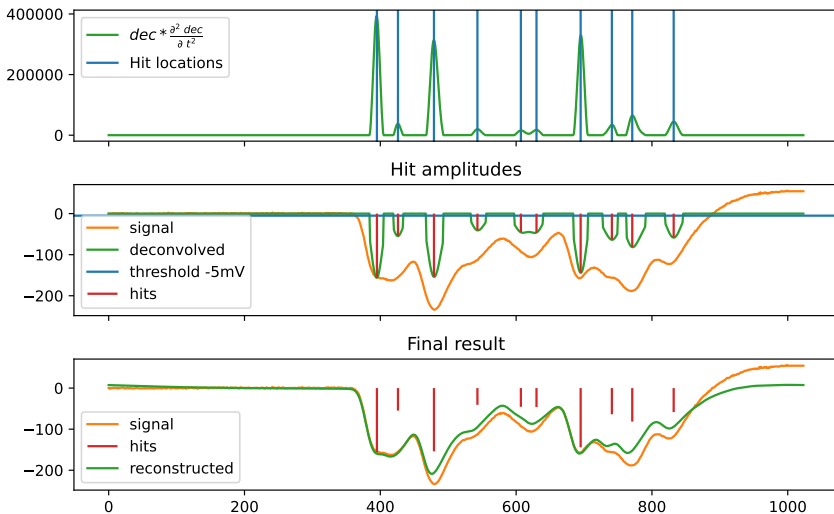
$$(\Delta(\text{Phase}(1/IRF)))^2$$

- cutoff frequency
50 MHz@3 dB
- filter Hann(111)

Deconvolution

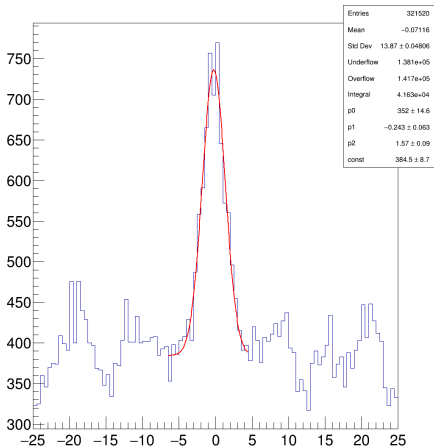


Reconstructed signal

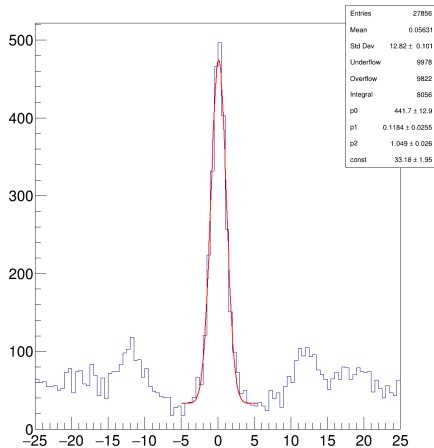


PVeto DT ch79 ch80

Difference in time



Difference in time



Summary

Results

- Iterative procedure to estimate IRF
- Determine IRF of Veto, SAC, ECal systems
- Deconvolution multipliers calculated

Preliminary results

- Better time resolution ($> 50\%$) w.r.t. current method
- Tolerant to noise
- Faster to execute w.r.t. current method
- Massive reduction in False positive errors